

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

CS8602 Compiler Design

Unit I - MCQ Bank

- 1. What kind of programing language are used by the Programmer?
- A. Low-level Language
- **B.** High-Level Language
- C. Decimal-Format
- D. Middle-Level Language

Answer: (B)

- 2. Which program accepts the high-level language and converts it into assembly language?
- A. Interpreter
- B. Linker
- C. Assembler
- D. Compiler

Answer: (D)

- 3. Does the compiler program translate the whole source code in one step?
- A. No
- B. Depends on the Compiler
- C. Don't Know
- D. Yes

Answer: (D)

- 4. Which of the following file is an output of the assembler?
- A. Program file
- B. Object file
- C. Data File
- D. Task File

Answer: (B)

- 5. Which tool is used for grouping of characters in tokens in the compiler?
- A. Parser
- B. Code optimizer
- C. Code generator
- D. Scanner

Answer: (D)

- 6. What is the linker?
- A. It is always used before the program execution.
- B. It is required to create the load module.
- C. It is the same as the loader
- D. None of the above

Answer: (B)

- 7. What is the output of lexical analyzer?
- A. A set of RE
- B. Syntax Tree

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D. String Character

Answer: (C)

- 8. The action of parsing the source program into proper syntactic classes is called _____
- A. Syntax Analysis
- **B.** Lexical Analysis
- C. Interpretation analysis
- D. General Syntax Analysis

Answer: (B)

- 9. Which symbol table implementation is based on the property of locality of reference?
- A. Linear list
- B. Search tree
- C. Hash Table
- D. Self-Organization

Answer: (C)

- 10. What is an Object program?
- A. Program written in machine language
- B. Program to be translated into machine language
- C. Translation of high-level language into machine language
- D. None of the mentioned

Answer: (C)

- 11. Which concept of FSA is used in the compiler?
- A. Lexical analysis
- B. Parser
- C. Code generation
- D. Code optimization

Answer: (A)
12. Which concept of grammar is used in the compiler?
A. Lexical analysis
B. Parser
C. Code generation
D. Code optimization
Answer: (B)
13. Which of the following are Lexemes?
A. Identifiers
B. Constants
C. Keywords
D. All of the mentioned
Answer: (D)
14. What constitutes the stages of the compilation process?
A. Feasibility study, system, design, and testing
B. Implementation and documentation
C. Lexical analysis, syntax, Analysis and code generation
D. None of the mentioned
Answer: (C)
15. The lexical analyzer takes as input and produces a stream of as output.
A. Source program, tokens
B. Token, source program
C. Either of the two
D. None of the mentioned
Answer: (A)

16. A compiler program written in a high level language is called
A. Source Program
B. Object Program
C. Machine Language Program
D. None of the mentioned
Answer: (A)
17. System program such a compiler are designed so that they are
A. Re-enterable
B. Non-Usable
C. Serially usable
D. None of the mentioned
Answer: (A)
18. Which of the following is not a feature of compiler?
A. Scan the entire program first and translate into machine code
B. To remove syntax errors
C. Slow for debugging
D. Execution time is more
Answer: (D)
19. A programmer by mistakes writes a program to multiply two numbers instead of dividing them,
how can this error be detected?
A. Compiler
B. Interpreter
C. Compiler or interpreter
D. None of the mentioned
Answer: (D)
20. The process of forming tokens from an input stream of characters is called

A. Liberalisation
B. Characterisation
C. Tokenization
D. None of the mentioned
Answer: (C)
21. When expression sum=3+2 is tokenized then what is the token category of 3?
A. Identifier
B. Assignment operator
C. Integer Literal
D. Addition Operator
Answer: (C)
22. Which grammar defines Lexical Syntax?
A. Regular Grammar
B. Syntactic Grammar
C. Context free Grammar
D. Lexical Grammar
Answer: (D)
23. Two Important lexical categories are
A. White Space
B. Comment
C. None of the mentioned
D. White Space & Comments
Answer: (D)
24. Output file of Lex is the input file is Myfile.
A. Myfile.e

B. Myfile.yy.c

- C. Myfile.lex
- D. Myfile.obj

Answer: (B)

- 25. The process of assigning load addresses to the various parts of the program and adjusting the code and data in the program to reflect the assigned addresses is called?
- A. Assembly
- B. Parsing
- C. Relocation
- D. Symbol resolute

Answer: (C)